



Part I – **READING COMPREHENSION** – Read the following text and answer questions 1 to 10.

The Legend of Jack the Ripper

Jack the Ripper is a pseudonym of a serial killer who hid in the districts of London's east end in the autumn of 1888. The nickname came from a letter that a person **who** claimed to be the murderer wrote at the time of the killings. **Although** there have been many suspects and theories in the case, the actual identity of the killer and the motives behind the terrible crimes are unknown even to this day.

Jack the Ripper attacked prostitutes in the slums in and around Whitechapel, London. It is unclear why he did it, but the murders were both methodical and calculating. The precise number of Ripper's victims is not definite, but people generally accept that he killed five women, all of **them** prostitutes. He cut his victim's throats, mutilated their abdomen and sometimes he removed their organs. Because of the

precision of his **cuts**, many believe that the Ripper had anatomical or surgical knowledge.

The police interviewed thousands of people, investigated hundreds and detained eighty people during and after the time of the murders. However, in the end, all the people they interviewed **provided** a sufficient alibi, so there were never any official accusations or convictions.

The legend of Jack the Ripper is a combination of historical evidence, documented research and folklore. Because of this, the story of the Ripper has become something much more than an unsolved series of crimes. Over the years, Jack the Ripper has become an **almost** supernatural figure, and perhaps the most romanticized killer of all time.

Adapted from: <http://whitechapeljack.com/>

I – UNDERSTANDING THE TEXT – Note: NOAA = None of the other alternatives apply

- The main idea of the text above is about:
 - Jack the Ripper's surgical talent.
 - the legend of a mysterious murderer.
 - a successful police investigation.
 - violence against prostitutes.
 - NOAA
- The text above says that ...
 - Jack the Ripper was a talented surgeon.
 - Jack the Ripper was the killer's real name.
 - the police really interviewed Jack the Ripper.
 - the Ripper committed a series of crimes.
 - NOAA
- Choose the **CORRECT** alternative according to the text.
 - A reporter called the killer Jack the Ripper.
 - Jack the Ripper did not seem to plan the murders.
 - Jack the Ripper used a pistol to kill his victims.
 - People believe Jack was uneducated.
 - NOAA
- Choose the **INCORRECT** alternative according to the text.
 - Jack killed women in many different parts of London.
 - The number of Jack the Ripper's victims is unclear.
 - People do not know why the Ripper killed women.
 - Jack the Ripper killed prostitutes.
 - NOAA

II – REFERENCE

- The word **'who'** (line 4) refers to:
 - Jack the Ripper
 - letter
 - nickname
 - a person
 - killings
- The word **'them'** (line 14) refers to:
 - people
 - murders
 - women
 - organs
 - throats

III – VOCABULARY

- In the text, the word **'provided'** (line 22) means:
 - gave
 - forgot
 - neglected
 - hid
 - refused
- In the text, the word **'cuts'** (line 17) means:
 - incisions
 - moves
 - nerves
 - pieces
 - organs
- The word **'almost'** (line 30) means:
 - popular
 - clear
 - terrifying
 - opposite
 - nearly
- The word **'Although'** (line 5) states in the sentence the idea of:
 - addition
 - condition
 - consequence
 - explanation
 - contrast

PART II – USE OF ENGLISH (Note: X = No word; NOAA = None of the other alternatives apply)For questions **11 to 20**, choose the option that **CORRECTLY** completes the sentences.

11. I've _____ been abroad but I'd love to. However, I've _____ been all over my own country.
a) ever / yet b) already / never c) never / already d) yet / already e) NOAA
12. My team isn't _____ your team.
a) as good as b) as better as c) as good than d) less good as e) as better than
13. **A:** Do I need _____ your book back tomorrow? **B:** Not unless you promise _____ it back next week.
a) take / to take b) taking / taking c) take / take d) to take / take e) to take / to take
14. She _____ a lot of time _____ on the phone.
a) wastes / talk b) spends / talking c) takes / to talking d) spends / to talk e) NOAA
15. When you play tennis, you _____ hit the ball _____ a net, but the ball _____ go _____ the court.
a) mustn't to / through / must / out of c) must / along / doesn't must / into e) NOAA
b) must to / round / mustn't to / by d) must / over / mustn't / out of
16. _____ you _____ your homework yet? I _____ mine last night.
a) Did – done / did c) Have – done / have done e) Do – did / did
b) Have – done / did d) Did – do / have done
17. You _____ buy the newspaper because I've already bought it.
a) don't have to b) have to c) had to d) must e) mustn't to
18. We trained hard, so we thought we _____ win the game, but I guess we didn't train _____ much _____ necessary.
a) may – less – as b) must – less – than c) have to – less – as d) might – as – as e) NOAA
19. I'll be really angry _____ the bus _____ on time.
a) unless – arrive b) if – X c) if – isn't d) unless – doesn't be e) NOAA
20. If I _____ a tiger, I _____ scream.
a) seen / would b) would see / would c) see / would d) saw / will e) NOAA

For questions **21 to 25**, choose the grammatically **INCORRECT** option.

21. a) *Argo* is the best film I've ever seen. c) The better film ever in my opinion is *Argo*.
b) *Argo* is the best film of all time. d) No other film is better than *Argo*.
e) NOAA
22. a) Have you ever spoken English to a native speaker? c) I've just painted the door. Don't touch it.
b) I haven't finished yet reading it. d) She's already told you this three times.
e) John has never played tennis.
23. a) If something could go wrong, it will. c) If something can go wrong, it will go wrong.
b) If something could go wrong, it would. d) If something can't go wrong, it will anyway.
e) NOAA
24. a) Let's go to the party. You might meet someone new. c) You should not to wear this dress to the dinner.
b) He may be wrong about Joe. I think he's a good man. d) I might go or I might not go. I can't decide.
e) Should I park my car here?
25. a) Alex isn't as friendly as Cynthia. c) Buses are less convenient than trains.
b) Life in Fortaleza is less stressful than in São Paulo. d) English isn't as hard as German.
e) NOAA

For questions **26 to 30**, choose the option which has the same meaning and idea as the sentences in *italics*.

26. *I have a backache.*
a) I need a painkiller. c) My back hurts.
b) I'm coughing all the time. d) I have a temperature.
e) I'm allergic to penicillin.
27. *He's always worked in a bank.*
a) He started work in a bank and is still working there. c) He has a new job in a bank.
b) He always worked before he got a job in a bank. d) He worked in a bank until recently.
e) He does not work in a bank now.
28. *Why don't you see a doctor?*
a) You might see a doctor. c) I think you mustn't see a doctor.
b) I'd like to know why you might see a doctor. d) Would you like to see a doctor?
e) I think you should see a doctor.

29. The sign reads, 'No pets in this room.'
- a) You shouldn't bring your pet into c) You don't have to bring your pet into
b) You have to bring your pet into d) You mustn't bring your pet into
e) You must bring your pet into
30. There is an extra grammar class at 4 pm, but *it's optional*.
- a) you have to be there. c) you don't have to be there. e) you can't be there.
b) you might be there. d) you mustn't be there.
- Answer questions **31 to 40** according to the instructions.
31. Choose the option where the underlined word(s) is/are **CORRECT** in the sentence.
- a) I'm incredible good at English. c) English is a very really used language.
b) English grammar is quitely easy. d) English pronunciation is a bit difficult. e) NOAA
32. Choose the option with the **CORRECT** synonyms or definitions for the underlined words in the following sentence: *I missed last class because I lost my car keys and couldn't come to school.*
- a) forgot / couldn't find c) forgot / didn't win e) NOAA
b) was absent / couldn't find d) passed / lent
33. Choose the **INCORRECT** option in relation to the use of the underlined words in the following sentences:
- a) Have you met my wife? c) Can I borrow your pen? e) NOAA
b) Teachers earn low salaries. d) He makes his bed every morning.
34. Choose the option where all the words are in the same vocabulary group.
- a) shoes / boots / trainers c) friendly / talkative / hurts e) NOAA
b) fly / mosquito / coat d) shark / scarf / bear
35. Choose the option where the spelling of both words is **CORRECT**.
- a) poluted / expensive c) pijamas / sweater e) NOAA
b) rabit / dolfin d) rugbi / aerobics
36. Choose the option where the underlined vowels in both words have **THE SAME** pronunciation as in 'stop'.
- a) move / top b) wash / story c) talk / socks d) borrow / wasp e) NOAA
37. Choose the option where the bold and underlined letters in both words have **THE SAME** pronunciation as in 'just'.
- a) **g**iraffe / **g**orilla b) kangaroo / **t**iger c) **j**udo / **ch**ange d) **g**et / **j**acket e) NOAA
38. Choose the option where the sound of **-es** at the end of the verb is **DIFFERENT** from the **-es** in 'misses'.
- a) catches b) buzzes c) uses d) fixes e) goes
39. Choose the option where the sound of **-ed** at the end of the verb is **THE SAME** as in 'worked'.
- a) watched b) wasted c) called d) played e) decided
40. Choose the **CORRECT** answer: **A: Why don't you want to lend me money? B: Because if I ___ pay me back.**
- a) lend you money, you won't c) lent you money, you could e) NOAA
b) lent you money, you would d) lend you money, you will

For questions **41 to 50**, fill in the blanks with the appropriate word(s) and mark the **CORRECT** alternative.

_____ ⁴¹ a friend money increases the risk of _____ ⁴² your friendship. In my opinion, it's better _____ ⁴³ other ways _____ ⁴⁴ your friend out of a financial crisis. First of all, if you really decide not _____ ⁴⁵ your friend any money, talk to him/her and explain your _____ ⁴⁶ but make no _____ ⁴⁷ and be honest. _____ ⁴⁸ it's not easy _____ ⁴⁹ 'no' to a friend, you sometimes _____ ⁵⁰ do it, for a healthy and peaceful relationship.

41. a) For lend b) To lending c) Lending d) Lend e) For lending
42. a) to ruin b) ruining c) for ruin d) ruin e) to ruining
43. a) to find b) to finding c) for find d) find e) would find
44. a) for help b) helping c) help d) to help e) to helping
45. a) for lend b) lending c) lend d) to lend e) to lending
46. a) decide b) deciding c) decisively d) decisive e) decision
47. a) confusing b) confusion c) confuse d) confusive e) confusingly
48. a) Besides b) So c) Because d) Therefore e) Although
49. a) to say b) to saying c) for say d) say e) for to say
50. a) may to b) don't have c) have to d) mustn't to e) mightn't to

S6**ANSWER KEY**

01	B	26	C
02	D	27	A
03	E	28	E
04	A	29	D
05	D	30	C
06	C	31	D
07	A	32	B
08	A	33	E
09	E	34	A
10	E	35	E
11	C	36	D
12	A	37	C
13	E	38	E
14	B	39	A
15	D	40	A
16	B	41	C
17	A	42	B
18	D	43	A
19	C	44	D
20	E	45	D
21	C	46	E
22	B	47	B
23	A	48	E
24	C	49	A
25	E	50	C